

OFFICIAL AVERAGES

Of American League Pitchers For 1911

COVINGTON HEADS THE LIST

But as He Pitched in Only Eight Full Games, the Honor of Being the Real Leader Falls to Bender of the Athletics.

New York, Nov. 8.—The official pitching records of the American league baseball clubs, made public to-day, show that Covington of Detroit has the highest percentage, with .875, but he pitched only eight full games. Bender of the Athletics is the real leader, with a percentage of .773. Walsh of Chicago pitched the most games, having officiated in 45 full contests and ending with a percentage of .600.

The percentages were as follows:

Name and Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per. game won.
Covington, Detroit.....	7	1	.875
Bender, Philadelphia.....	17	5	.773
Gregg, Cleveland.....	23	7	.767
Plank, Philadelphia.....	22	8	.733
Coombs, Philadelphia.....	28	12	.700
Works, Detroit.....	11	5	.688
Morgan, Philadelphia.....	15	7	.682
Ford, New York.....	22	11	.667
Mullin, Detroit.....	18	10	.643
Falkenberg, Cleveland.....	8	5	.615
Krause, Philadelphia.....	11	7	.611
Johnson, Washington.....	23	15	.605
Walsh, Chicago.....	27	18	.600
Krapp, Cleveland.....	12	8	.600
Lively, Detroit.....	7	5	.583
Lafitte, Detroit.....	11	8	.579
Wood, Boston.....	23	17	.575
Scott, Chicago.....	14	11	.560
Pape, Boston.....	10	8	.556
Hall, Boston.....	8	7	.533
Kaler, Cleveland.....	9	8	.523
Donovan, Detroit.....	10	9	.523
Caldwell, New York.....	14	14	.500
Summers, Detroit.....	11	11	.500
Lange, Chicago.....	8	9	.500
Olmstead, Chicago.....	6	7	.500
Willet, Detroit.....	13	14	.481
Warhop, New York.....	12	13	.480
Collins, Boston.....	11	12	.478
Fisher, New York.....	10	11	.476
Hall, Boston.....	8	9	.470
Young, Chicago.....	5	6	.454
Vaughn, New York.....	8	10	.444
Cleoth, Boston.....	11	14	.440
Groom, Washington.....	13	17	.433
White, Chicago.....	10	14	.417
Lake, St. Louis.....	10	15	.400
Hughes, Washington.....	11	17	.390
Blanding, Cleveland.....	7	11	.389
Karger, Boston.....	5	8	.385
Walker, Washington.....	8	13	.381
Mitchell, Cleveland.....	7	14	.333
Mitchell, St. Louis.....	4	5	.323
Brockett, New York.....	2	4	.333
Petty, St. Louis.....	7	15	.318
Powell, St. Louis.....	8	19	.296
Hamilton, St. Louis.....	3	12	.204
Nelson, St. Louis.....	3	9	.250
George, St. Louis.....	3	10	.231
Baker, Chicago.....	2	7	.222
Gray, Washington.....	2	12	.143

I. A. C. THE WINNERS.

Defeated a Team of Clerks at Candle Pins Last Evening.

The Italian Athletic club defeated a team of clerks in a candle pin match rolled at the Pearl street alleys last night by the score of 1246 to 1227. The winning team captured the first two strings, and lost the last by the narrow margin of six pins. High single-string scores were conspicuous by their absence, but A. Broggi led in the totals with a score of 277.

Clubs	Won	Lost	Score
Galaise.....	75	77	80-232
Smith.....	84	78	80-242
Greene.....	78	78	84-244
Stewart.....	81	90	70-247
F. Davidson.....	91	77	94-202

Totals	413	400	414-1227
Italian A. C.			
A. Marianna.....	93	81	72-246
A. Broggi.....	85	85	107-277
F. Davidson.....	70	85	70-240
Comelli.....	82	94	70-260
B. Marianna.....	75	77	71-223

WHO'S AFRAID?

Now Wolgast Says He'll Meet McFarland in 20 Round Bout.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—In reply to the charge of Packey McFarland's manager, Emil Thiry, that Wolgast was dodging a match with the Chicago lightweight, Tom Jones, who manages the champion, said yesterday, "Wolgast is ready and willing to sign articles with McFarland for a twenty round fight on the coast. Moreover, we will let Packey weigh in at 133 pounds, five hours before the battle. A California club will offer a good purse for the match; but personally I don't believe McFarland wants any of our game."

Wolgast and Packey were scheduled to meet in Milwaukee on Sept. 15, but

Can't Cure Catarrh

Stomach Dosing, Sprays and Douches Have All Failed.

There is only one way to cure catarrh. Reach the raw, tender, inflamed membrane that is infested with catarrh germs, and destroy the germs. You can't reach the nooks and crevices with liquid preparations—there is only one way—breathe the antiseptic germ-killing gas of HYOMEI (pronounced High-omei) directly over the infested parts. HYOMEI contains no opium, cocaine or other harmful drugs, it is made of Australian eucalyptus, thymol and other antiseptics. It is guaranteed to end the misery of catarrh, asthma, croup and bronchitis, or money back. Ask the Red Cross Pharmacy about the Hyomei outfit to-day. They sell it for only \$1.00 and guarantee it.

Biliousness

Is Cured by
HOOD'S PILLS
25c.

the state and city authorities refused to permit the bout.

The lightweight champion reached this city yesterday morning en route for the coast, where he is to box Freddie Welch on Thanksgiving day.

MOVE AGAINST STANDARD OIL.

Independent Producers to Build a Refinery.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 8.—The movement of independent oil producers against the Standard Oil company to force up the price of crude oil has been given a great impetus by the Butler county oil producers subscribing \$250,000 in stock to back the refinery being erected at Brin, Pa. This refinery, No. 1, has a capacity of 20,000 barrels a month, and this will be increased to 40,000 next spring. Plans are also being made for the building of another refinery.

At a mass meeting of independent oil men favorable to the movement against the Standard Oil company, contracts were exhibited with enough producers to insure a supply of oil for several refineries. As soon as the financial plans can be worked out, the additional refineries will be built. The company pays 15 cents more than the Standard Oil price in cash for crude, and the balance to the amount of \$2 in common stock.

TO USE CORN FOR FUEL.

Illinois Farmers Will Thus Recoup Part of Loss from Damaged Crop.

Mattoon, Ill., Nov. 8.—Farmers throughout the Illinois corn belt, although facing heavy loss from the large amount of grain that has rotted in the fields because of excessive rain, have determined to recoup part of their loss by not patronizing the coal dealer. They will use the decayed corn for fuel during the winter months. It is said that the amount of corn left in the fields is the largest in the history of Illinois.

ISLAND THROWN UP, SINKS.

Is Composed of Soft Mud from Bed of Ocean.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, Nov. 8.—The mud volcano, which rose unexpectedly with an outburst of fire and smoke between the island of Trinidad and Venezuela, appears on closer investigation to have two craters which have been quite active. Yesterday it was reported that the formation seemed to be sinking and because of the soft nature of the clay in the sea bed it is thought that the new island may not prove permanent.

FWLER STUCK IN SAND.

Unable to Budge Aeroplane at Mastodon, N. M.

El Paso, Nov. 8.—Stuck in the heavy sand at Mastodon, N. M., 14 miles west of here, where the aviator was forced to alight Monday, the aeroplane of Robert G. Fowler refuses to budge. To-day Fowler renewed his efforts to start it.

BRITISH BALLOT FOR ALL MEN.

Government Intends to Introduce Bill at the Next Session.

London, Nov. 8.—Premier Asquith announced yesterday afternoon that the government intended to introduce a manhood suffrage bill at the next session of Parliament.

Horseman Killed.

Andover, Mass., Nov. 8.—Charles Gardner, 61 years old and married, was killed at Thorndale stock farm, John H. Richardson, proprietor, yesterday, while training a trotting horse. He fell from the sulky beneath the horse's hoofs. He had been employed as a trainer at the farm for many years.

Still at Large.

Rockland, Mass., Nov. 8.—Robbery of \$450 from the safe of the town treasurer which took place on March 27 last, became known yesterday, when Chairman Townsend of the selectmen announced that \$375 had been spent in fruitless efforts to apprehend the robber.

LARGE SALT PRODUCTION.

Figures of United States Geological Survey Show Increased Output.

The United States produced 30,355,650 barrels of salt in 1910, valued at \$7,000,344, according to figures compiled by W. C. Phalen and just published by the United States Geological Survey. This was an increase of 198,010 barrels over the production of 1909 but a decrease in value amounting to \$433,487. The six leading producers of salt in 1910 were New York, Michigan, Ohio, Kansas, Louisiana and California. Nearly 99 per cent of the salt consumed in the country was obtained from domestic sources, the United States having long been independent of foreign production.

Salt is thought of mostly in connection with cooking and seasoning, but it has a great many other important applications. It is used largely in the preservation of fish and meat, in the dyeing industry, and in chemical metallurgical processes. It is also used as a source of chlorine employed in the manufacturing of bleaching powders and in the chlorination of certain gold ores.

One of the main sources of salt is common sea water and some of the California product is obtained from the ocean. When sea water is evaporated to dryness, salt is among the first compounds to be deposited. The last are the potash and magnesium compounds, these being the most soluble. The great Stassfurt potash deposits are overlain as well as underlain by salt, and it is the opinion of geologists that potash may accompany some of the known salt deposits in this country.

In a recent geological survey report on potash, written by Mr. Phalen, the hope is expressed that every salt producer in the United States will in the future, when boring or otherwise exploring for salt, be on the lookout for possible occurrences of potash compounds. At the present the geological survey has a deep-drilling party at work in the arid West, where vast deposits of salt are known to exist, in an endeavor to find possible sources of potash and nitrate of soda—two of the three essential elements of "complete fertilizer," a recognized necessity for successful agriculture. Mr. Phalen's report on salt and bromine is issued as an advance chapter from "Mineral Resources for 1910" and may be obtained on application to the Director, United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

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ITALY FULFILLS ITS THREAT IN LOCAL MARKETS

Her Fleet Bombards Turkish Mainland. Fresh Eggs Are Reported as Scarce and High

SHELLS AND SINKS GUNBOATS AND DRESSED PORK IS EASY

Italy Made No War on Women and Children—Recapture of Derna by the Turks Is Not Likely.

Quotation on Dressed Pork Is Eight Cents—Potatoes Are Quoted from 65 to 70 Cents a Bushel—Creamery Butter 32 to 33 Cents.

Barre, Vt., Nov. 8, 1911. Fresh eggs scarce and high. Dressed pork easy. Wholesale quotations: Dressed pork—8c. Veal—Fancy 10c. Lamb—11 to 12c. Poultry—14 to 15c. Chickens—17c. Fresh eggs—35 to 36c. Butter—Creamery 32 to 33c, dairy 29 to 30c. Potatoes—65 to 70c.

RICKER'S MARKET REPORTS

Large Receipts with Prices Same Except Cattle, One-Half Cent Higher.

St. Johnsbury, Nov. 8.—Receipts at W. A. Ricker's market for the past week were: Poultry—5,000, 8 to 9c. Lamb—800, 2 to 3c. Hogs—600, 5 to 5 1/2c. Cattle—330, 16 to 17 1/2c. Calves—410, 3 to 4c. Milch cows—25, \$30 to \$35.

IN BOSTON MARKETS.

Eggs Growing Scarce, Some Selling at 50 Cents Per Dozen.

Boston, Nov. 8.—The scarcity of eggs is still increasing in the local market and prices continue to work higher. Hen eggs are in very limited supply and dealers who have any can obtain about any price they see fit to ask. Of course, the number of retailers who can handle them at the prices they now command is growing smaller, but there are some who must have them and with these dealers the price is not an important consideration. But 50c or more a dozen for hen eggs sends a good many dealers out in search of good quality and at present prices of this sort of goods show a strongly upward tendency. There is a very firm, but not especially active, market for butter and cheese. Higher prices for both butter and cheese are noted in the primary markets and that is the governing influence on local quotations.

Butter—Fancy The northern creamery, tubs 33 to 34 1/2c, boxes 34 to 34 1/2c, prints 24 1/2 to 25c, fancy western creamery, spruce tubs 33 to 33 1/2c, ash tubs 32 1/2 to 33c, fancy storage creamery 32 to 32 1/2c, fair to good creamery 29 to 31c. Cheese—New York twins, fancy 15 1/2 to 16c, fair to good 14 1/2 to 15c, Young Americans 10 1/2 to 11c, sage 17c. Eggs—Fancy hen eggs 30 to 32c, choice eastern 24 to 26c, fresh western extras 42 to 44c, fancy 33 to 35c, storage 24 to 26c.

TURKEYS FOR THANKSGIVING.

Supply Is Big and Prices Will Be Low, Say Dealers.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Thanksgiving turkeys probably will be cheaper than for many years, according to commission men. Dry weather in the late spring and early summer is the principal reason for a big supply of turkeys, dealers say. The young turkey is the most susceptible to hot weather of any domestic fowl. It is hard to keep turkeys under shelter, and in roaming about the fields and in the woods they fall easy victims to sudden rains or changes of temperature. The choice dressed stock is quoted at 17 and 18 cents a pound, and the medium and poorer grades are quoted as low as 14 cents by one dealer, who says there will be more turkeys in the market than for ten years. The retail price, he said, should not be more than 20 cents a pound Thanksgiving week, although unfavorable weather might send it up a cent or two.

SETTING OUT APPLE TREES.

No Reason Why Fall Planting Should Not Be as Successful as Spring.

J. W. Ingham of Sugar Run, Pa., writes in the New York Tribune Farmer: The writer has had experience in setting orchards both in spring and in fall, and when the work was equally well done there was no material difference between the two times of setting them. The advantage of the fall set-



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HIGH ALTITUDES DETERMINED.

United States Geological Survey Publishes Bulletins Giving Large Number of Elevations in Western States.

The exact altitudes or elevations of certain principal points in any area are always matters of interest and great practical utility. Although the government surveys have determined the altitudes of many thousands of mountains and other principal points, the information regarding them is not all readily available. The United States geological survey during the course of its topographic surveys, which now cover nearly two-fifths of the area of the United States, has determined a large number of exact elevations and they are now being published in a series of bulletins, each covering either a single state or a group of states. This series of bulletins, though constituting by no means a complete dictionary of altitudes of the United States, gives the exact elevation of many thousands of points, including a large number of towns, hills, and mountains of prominence. There have just been published four such bulletins relating to the states of Oregon (Bulletin 462), New Mexico (Bulletin 464), Montana (Bulletin 482), and Utah (Bulletin 489), including the results of work of the geological survey under the direction of R. B. Marshall, chief geographer.

The work in Oregon was done in co-operation with the state from 1905 to 1910, inclusive; in the other states the work has been carried out wholly under federal appropriations.

The lowest point in the state of Oregon thus far marked by the survey is in the Cathlamet quadrangle, 80 feet northeast of the station at Clifton, 8,419 feet above mean sea level. There is a considerable difference between this and the highest point in the state thus far marked. This point is in Crater Lake national park northeast of Mount Scott, 7,440.25 feet above mean sea level. The highest point in New Mexico is 9,497.523 feet above mean sea level, in the Alamogordo quadrangle, 4 miles southeast of the Alamogordo Co. camp, on the Sacramento river road at summit of the mountain.

The highest point in Montana is Granite mountain, in the Granite peak quadrangle, 12,837 feet above mean sea level. In Utah the geological survey has placed a bronze tablet 11,429.222 feet above mean sea level, about 4 miles due west of Gilbert peak.

The survey has published topographic maps covering large portions of Oregon, New Mexico, Montana, and Utah, but the elevations shown on the maps are stated only to the nearest foot. As shown by the above examples, the elevations given in the bulletins are indicated to thousandths of a foot. Any one or all of these bulletins may be obtained free of charge by applying to the director of the U. S. geological survey, Washington, D. C.

DOCTOR LAMBDIN DEAD.

For Twelve Years Editor of Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Philadelphia, Nov. 8.—Dr. Alfred C. Lambdin, editor of the Public Ledger the past 12 years and previously managing editor of the Philadelphia Times, died yesterday of heart disease. He was 65 years of age.

Doctor Lambdin was well known as a writer on musical and art topics.

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